# Planning and Leading Effective Meetings Traperty of Letters: Enthanced Consulting, Do not use without permission. Letters: Enthanced Consulting

Behavior Analysis in Practice

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DISCUSSION AND REVIEW PAPER

Planning and Leading Effective Meetings

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Abstract

Behavior Analysis spend a great deal of time in meetings regardless of their specific professional nole (e.g., academic, practice, administration), so effective meeting skills are important. Meetings can serve a variety of important purposes if they are planned and led well. However, many people are not explicitly taught how to plan or lead meetings effectively. The purpose of this paper is to describe the common purposes of meetings and provide recommendations and look for planning and Leading effective meetings.

Keywords Agenda - Meeting - Meeting facilitation - Meeting planning - Meeting effectiveness - Professional skills

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Fried (2010): "toxic, terrible, poisonous things" . . . that interrupt worker productivity.











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- In surveys of helping professions:
- ~47% of the day is spent in meetings (Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2017)

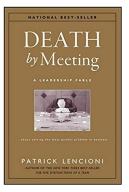


Grady (2013): "a global epidemic of bad, inefficient, overcrowded meetings is plaguing the world's businesses."

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# Leach, Rogelberg, Warr and Burnfield (2009)



- Characteristics of a "good meeting":
  - 1) use of an agenda,
  - 2) keeping of minutes,
  - 3) punctuality,
  - 4) appropriate meeting environment,
  - 5) having a meeting leader.



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# **Purpose/Objectives**



Do you really need a meeting?



Purpose/objectives of the meeting

- Do you have a clear agenda suited to the structure?
- Can this be accomplished another way?
- Are these the right people and only the right people?



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# **Purposes of a Meeting**



- Communication
  - Notification and messaging
  - Complex questions
  - Discussion prior to decision
- Problem Solving
  - Detection and analysis
  - Brainstorming and evaluation
  - Implementation planning
- Performance management
  - Deadlines and accountability
  - Supervision and support
  - Oversight of work quality
  - Management of barriers
- Project management
- Project planning
  - Group deadlines and public accountability
- Generating and refining work products

Daily
Check-in
Weekly Tactical
Monthly Strategic
Quarterly Off-Site Review

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# **Functions of a Meeting**



- · Social connection and support
- · Observation and data collection
- · Reinforcement!
- · Specific instruction and training
- Motivation (e.g., deadline)
- · Collaboration and creativity

### **Effective Meetings**



- · Plan the meeting in advance
- · Meeting owner manages the meeting
- · Meeting attendees manage themselves and contribute



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# Planning the meeting



- Do I need a meeting and do I have the right people?
  - Are roles clearly specified?
- · Who owns the meeting?
- · Plan and distribute the agenda in advance
  - Task assignments
  - · Specific order of content
  - Estimated timing
  - 25 mins/50 mins NOT THE FULL HALF OR HOUR!



Appendix : Agenda for Initial Supervision Session

Estimated Duration: 1.5 hour

- Welcome to the Experience! Let's get to know each other (15 to 30 minutes) 1. Discuss importance of understanding one another, our ways of communicating

- 1. Discuss importance of understanding one another, our ways of communicating, our reinforcers and our priorities
  2. My background and experience as a supervisor, my life, interests and guiding values
  3. Your background and experiences, your life, interests and guiding values
  Contract Review and Questions (20 to 30 minutes)
  How to Create an Agenda for Supervision (6 minutes)
  Review of how to complete the Collaboration Activity (5 minutes)
  Overview of documentation and storage (5 minutes)
  Planning for next contact (5 minutes)
  1. Set the appointment
  2. Assist supervisee with planning to meet the following objectives
  i. Complete the Collaboration Tool to Review Next Time
  ii. Reminder to bring documentation and review materials
  iii. Send a draft agenda for next week 48 hours in advance indicate that you would like to add an item to that agenda on the role of feedback with a time estimate of about 5 minutes

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# Planning the meeting



- Platform and materials
  - · What will you need and where will the meeting occur
- · Scheduling the meeting
  - NO EMERGENCY MEETINGS!
  - · Select optimal time for effective participation and minimal impact on productivity
  - Standing meetings or at least 1-

5 days notice



e(s): Goals of the meeting (Select all that app ☐ Supervision and perfor ☐ Communication Unstated purposes and strategies:
☐ Setting deadlines quency Platform, Environment, and Equipment (Select all that apply.) Planning Checklist (If "No/Unsure" is sel lanning Checklast (If "No Immer of Processor, received in the control to the meeting necessary?

Does each identified participant have a specific contribution?

Have critical participants been considered for schoduling preferent lass scheduling been considered based on the meeting? I suppose a few meeting new ironment appropriate?

Has the agends been developed and sent to participants?

Has necessary premeeting communication occurred?

Have all participants confirmed attendance?

Has a reminder o-mail been sent to participants? O Yes

## **Conducting a Meeting**

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- Send a reminder 1-24 hours in advance
  - · Agenda, roles, tasks, time, place
- · Start the meeting
  - On time!
  - Restate purpose and objectives
  - Assign timekeeper, note taker, presenter
  - Identify the timekeeping tool



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# Behav Analysis Practice Table 1 Common meeting problems and suggested strategies Suggested strategies

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### **Conducting a Meeting**

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- · Move through the agenda consistently and efficiently
  - Keep people on task
  - Keep discussion positive, professional
- · Assign tasks and make decisions (if applicable)
- Give contributors/presenters the floor



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Interpresonal conflict or combative responses	<ul> <li>Arrange seating to focus eye contact on the meeting leader and to increase distance between participants who have conflictual interactions.</li> <li>Establish ground rules for expected behavior during the meeting (e.g., not interrupting, respecting other participants).</li> </ul>	"Remember our purpose today and that we have an expectation for everyone to be engaged and respectful throughout the meeting." "This seems to be getting heated. I am happy you both cure so much about this issue, but let's take a break from this discussion for now and return to this hos-button topic later."
	<ul> <li>Interject before participants have opportunities to respond negatively to one another.</li> <li>Deliver reinforcement equitably between participants to suppress competitive responding.</li> <li>If the behavior impacts meeting effectiveness, stop the meeting and discuss the interaction privately with each person.</li> </ul>	
Technology	<ul> <li>Test equipment or online meeting platforms prior to the meeting.</li> <li>Plan for a backup in case of malfunctions or difficulty with the meeting platform.</li> <li>Create a visual aid that includes critical operating instructions for devices in any frequently used meeting moms.</li> </ul>	"OK, sime for Plan B. Let's use this conference call number instead of the meeting platform."

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# **Conducting a Meeting**

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- · Wrap up the meeting in the last 2-10 minutes
  - Notes accurate and detailed
  - · Action items with designees
  - · Scheduling of follow up meeting (if applicable)
  - · Close to allow transition time
  - Distribute the notes within 1-24 hours
- · Provide private feedback about

attendee behavior in the meeting



Open the Meeting Close the Meeting Close the Meeting ☐ Review logistics.
☐ Review ground rules.
☐ Provide overview of
☐ Review agenda.
☐ Give introductions:
☐ Self-intro ☐ Manage time.
☐ Facilitate discussion.
☐ Manage problem behavior.
☐ Provide praise for appropriate contributions. Self-intro
Self-intro ☐ Thank participants for their time. Did the meeting start on time?
Did all participants attend the meeting?
Did all participants have the materials necessary? □ Yes □ Yes □ Yes □ No Did all participants remain engaged and participate as expected?

Did someone take notes during the meeting and share them afterward

Did the meeting end on time with an appropriate closing?

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# **Meeting Attendance**



- Be on time, stay on time
- Be prepared
- Participate professionally
  - Stay on-task and do not distract others
  - Contribute but do not dominate
  - Follow your leader
  - Volunteer <u>if and only if</u> you have the time and required skills



### Appendix

Rules for Meeting Participation

Participants have responsibilities before and during a meeting, and a highly skilled participant can enhance the value of almost any meeting. The following rules provide guidance for effective meeting participation.

- Review the meeting invitation and agenda in advance.
- He sure you know exactly where to go and when to get there.
- Review any materials or complete any assigned tasks prior to the meeting.

### Arrive promptly

- Arrive a few minutes prior to the start of the meeti and be ready to begin at the start time.
- If you are unexpectedly late for a meeting, emer quietly without interrupting. Well-intended apologies further disrupt the meeting if it has already begun

### 3. Eliminate distractions.

- Turn off cell phone alerts and ringer and computer
- Put away your phone and any materials that are n relevant to the meeting.

### Present concisely and consider your audience.

- If you present in the meeting, practice what you will say and ensure that you remain within your allotte time.
- Consider your audience when creating your presentation to ensure that the material is concise and appropriate for the audience.

### 5. Actively participate

- Contribute to the discussion when appropriate. Avoid comments that are a repeat of information or point
- If you are participating remotely, use the chat feature is alart the resetting leader if you wish to reale a comment.

### Reinforce the participation of others,

 Listen and reinforce the contributions of others with smiles made and projec comments to a "Const idea!"

### Accept the second state

- Avoid interrupting others or apologize when it has pens inadvertently (i.e., you began speaking at t
- Do not have side conversations with other participant during the meeting as this serves as a distraction an

### 8. Self-manage participation and interruptions.

- Self-monitor the frequency and duration of participation to ensure that you do not over- or underparticipation.
   Self-monitor interruptions. If you interrupt frequently, use a self-management plan (e.g., write down the idea as a replacement behavior, provide a signal to the meeting leader for a speaking opportunity, collect datus, and set a goal for participation.)

- When tasks require volunteers, only volunteer if it is possible for you to complete the task in the time frame
- If any part of the task is unclear, ask for clarification before committing to the task.

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## **Follow up Activities**



- · Goals of:
  - 50% increase in effectiveness in every meeting
  - 20% reduction in # of meetings • system for scheduling
  - system for scheduling meetings that doesn't interfere with productivity
- List all meetings evaluate
- Develop and implement plan



